

SHRUBS

ABELIA

Glossy Abelia

(*Abelia x grandiflora*) — Broadleaf evergreen shrub with glossy, dark green foliage. White, fragrant flowers emerge late in the summer and continue on until frost. Comes through the winter best in protected locations. May freeze back in hard winters. HT. 3-5'; SP. 3-5'

ALMOND

Double Pink Flowering Almond

(*Prunus glandulosa* 'Rosea Plena') — Very popular shrub with an outstanding floral display early in the spring. Literally covered with a wonderful, double-pink blossoms. Plant in well-drained soils and give it plenty of sunshine. HT. 3-5'; SP. 3-4'

ALTHEA (Rose-of-Sharon)

(*Hibiscus syriacus*) — Upright growing shrub with hollyhock-like flowers. Blooms Aug.-Sept. An old-time favorite and a good choice for color late in the summer. HT. 8-10'; SP. 5-6'

- **'Blueberry Smoothie'** ('DS01BS') — Double flowers of purplish-blue. A heavy bloomer that just keeps going all summer.
- **'Chateau de Chambord'** ('Minsyre10') — A heavy bloomer with flowers of rose-pink with a deep red-violet center. HT. 4-6'; SP. 4-5'
- **'Chiffon Blue'** ('Notwoodthree') — Rich blue flowers with a lacy center. HT. 8-12'; SP. 6-10'
- **'Chiffon Dark Lavender'** ('SMNHSPCL') — Rich, dark lavender flowers with a lacy center. Blooms heavily. HT. 8-12'; SP. 6-10'
- **NEW! 'Chiffon Magenta'** ('Rwoods5') — Magenta-purple, semi-double flowers. Heavy bloomer! HT. 8-12'; SP. 6-10'
- **'Diana'** — White, single flowering form with blooms that will stay open into the night. HT. 8-12'; SP. 6-10'
- **'Fiji'** ('Minspot') — Semi-double flowers, light pink with splashes of red in the center. HT. 5-8'; SP. 4-7'
- **'French Cabaret Red'** ('Mindour 1')

— Double flowers of deep red that resemble carnations. Seeds are sterile. HT. 5-8'; SP. 4-7'

- **'French Cabaret Purple'** ('Mindour 5') — Double flowers of purple-violet that resemble carnations. Seeds are sterile. Pruning hard in early spring will help promote abundant flowering. HT. 5-8'; SP. 4-7'
- **'Lil' Kim'** ('Antong Two') — Finally, a dwarf Rose-of-Sharon! This heavy bloomer has white flowers with a showy red eye, all on a plant that stays much shorter than other selections. Introduced from South Korea. HT. 3-4'; SP. 3-4'
- **'Raspberry Smoothie'** — A heavy bloomer with beautiful double, fuchsia-raspberry flowers.
- **'Tahiti'** ('Mineru') — Deep pink-purple, semi-double flowers with a deep red center. HT. 5-8'; SP. 4-7'

AZALEA

Azaleas can be quite successful if attention is paid to detail when growing them. Site them on the north or east side of your house for protection against the summer heat and winds. Plant them in soil that has been heavily amended with compost or peat moss and treated with soil sulfur to provide an acidic root environment. Keep mulched and don't forget to water through dry weather. Fertilize with an azalea food on a regular basis.

Bloom-A-Thon Hybrids

(*Rhododendron* 'Bloom-A-Thon Hybrids') — This group of azaleas blooms great in the spring and then reblooms over the rest of the season. HT. 3-5'; SP. 3-5'

- **'Pink'** — Double, pink flowers.
- **'Red'** — Bright red flowers.

Girard Hybrids

(*Rhododendron* 'Girard Hybrids') — Very hardy, large flowering evergreen azalea. Foliage turns reddish in the late fall and remains the rest of the winter. One of the best evergreen azaleas for our area. HT. 3-4'; SP. 3-4'

- **'Crimson'** — Very large crimson flower.
- **'Fuchsia'** — Dark reddish-purple flowers.

Northern Lights Hybrids

(*Rhododendron* 'Northern Lights Hybrids') — Extremely hardy (to -40°F) deciduous azalea. These selections are actually from a Minnesota breeding program, so you know they can handle Kansas winters. Compact growth. HT. 3-4'; SP. 3-4'

- **'Electric Lights Red'** ('UMNAZ 633') — Fire engine red flowers.
- **'Lemon Lights'** — Lemon-yellow flowers.
- **'Gibraltar'** — Flame orange flowers.
- **'Mandarin Lights'** — Brilliant, mandarin-orange-colored flowers. HT. 4-5'; SP. 4-5'
- **'Rosy Lights'** — Rosy-pink flowers.

BARBERRY

Concorde Barberry

(*Berberis thunbergii* var. *atropurpurea* 'Concorde') — This compact, dwarf introduction has shown itself to hold a better deep purple-red color through the heat of the summer than 'Crimson Pygmy'. Considered by experts to be one of the best! HT. 18-24"; SP. 2-3"

Golden Nugget Barberry

(*Berberis thunbergii* 'Monlers') — A dense, compact Barberry with brilliant golden foliage. Great for small areas. HT. 12-18"; SP. 18-24"

Golden Ruby Barberry

(*Berberis thunbergii* 'Goruzam') — Similar to 'Crimson Pygmy' in habit but with orange-red foliage. New growth emerges blood red and then as leaves mature they develop a golden margin. Striking variegation! HT. 18-24"; SP. 18-24"

Helmond Pillar Barberry

(*Berberis thunbergii* var. *atropurpurea* 'Helmond Pillar') — A narrow, upright form with deep purple-red leaves. Narrow, columnar form makes a striking statement in the landscape. HT. 3-5'; SP. 1-2"

Orange Rocket Barberry

(*Berberis thunbergii* 'Orange Rocket') — An upright, columnar form with vibrant coral-orange new growth. Bright orange-red fall color. HT. 3-4', SP. 1-2'

Pygmy Ruby Barberry

(*Berberis thunbergii* 'Pygruzam') — Compact form with shiny, deep red leaves. HT. 12-18", SP. 2-3'

Rosy Glow Barberry

(*Berberis thunbergii* var. *atropurpurea* 'Rosy Glow') — Leaves are a stunning blend of rose-pink and deep blood-red. New growth shows the most intense color variation, while older leaves tend to mature to a more uniform deep reddish-purple. Prefers full sun. HT. 4-5', SP. 4-5'

BEAUTYBERRY

Purple Pride Beautyberry

(*Callicarpa dichotoma* 'Issai') — A graceful, rounded shrub with delicately arch branches, covered with lavender-pink flowers late in the summer that give way to a massive display of bright violet-purple fruits in the fall. Prune heavily in the spring for a fuller plant and stronger fruit production. HT. 3-4', SP. 3-4'

BLADDERNUT

American Bladdernut

(*Staphylea trifolia*) — An interesting native shrub found growing in timbered areas. Develops into a large, multi-stemmed, suckering shrub. Produces three-lobed, Chinese lantern-like seed capsules in the fall, each containing up to several seeds, creating a "bladder nut". HT. 6-8', SP. 6-8'

BLUE-MIST SHRUB

Blue-spirea are also commonly known as Bluebeard or Blue-mist Shrub and are in fact not actually Spireas at all. Technically these plants aren't even considered true shrubs, but instead classified as subshrubs which means they act kind of like a shrub and kind of like a perennial. Plan on cutting them back hard each spring to start the season, much like you would with the perennials in your garden. Plant them in full sun and well-drained soil. This is a great plant for butterfly gardens.

Beyond Midnight Bluebeard

(*Caryopteris x clandonensis* 'CT-9-12') — A small shrub of tight and compact habit, with deep blue flowers in late summer to

early fall. Dark, glossy foliage is aromatic. For best results cut back each spring. Attractive to butterflies, bees and other beneficial insects. HT. 24-30", SP. 24-30"

Blue Balloon Bluebeard

(*Caryopteris x clandonensis* 'Korball') — Beautiful purple-blue flowers from late summer and into the fall. A great plant for butterflies. For best results, treat as a perennial and cut back to 3-6" each spring. Plant only in well-drained soil. HT. 2-2 1/2', SP. 2-3'

Dark Knight Bluebeard

(*Caryopteris x clandonensis* 'Dark Knight') — A small flowering shrub with deep blue-purple flowers late in the summer and into the fall. Leaves have a nice silvery-gray cast to them. For best results, treat as a perennial and cut back to about 3-6" each spring. Must have well-drained soil. HT. 2-3', SP. 3-4'

BOXWOOD

Green Gem Boxwood

(*Buxus x 'Green Gem'*) — A tough hybrid boxwood from a Canadian breeding program. Great winter hardiness with good green color. Slow growing and naturally globe shaped. Requires very little pruning. HT. 2-3', SP. 2-3'

Green Mountain Boxwood

(*Buxus x 'Green Mountain'*) — A hybrid boxwood with great winter hardiness and outstanding foliage and a slightly upright growing habit. Dark green leaves through the growing season, bronzing slightly through the winter. HT. 3-5', SP. 2-3'

Green Tower Boxwood

(*Buxus sempervirens* 'Monrue') — A very narrow growing form, perfect for use as an accent plant or narrow hedges. Tolerates trimming nicely, and doesn't bronze out through the winter. HT. 6-8', SP. 18-24"

Green Velvet Boxwood

(*Buxus x 'Green Velvet'*) — A vigorous, globe-shaped, hybrid boxwood with dark green foliage that retains its color in the winter. Excellent plant for hedges and borders. Very hardy! HT. 3-4', SP. 3-4'

Little Missy Boxwood

(*Buxus microphylla* 'Little Missy') — Dwarf, compact form with good green color year-round. Highly resistant to disease. HT. 24-30", SP. 2-3'

Wintergreen Korean Boxwood

(*Buxus microphylla* var. *koreana*) — A Korean Boxwood selection with handsome light green foliage and very small leaves. Growth is very dense, making it great for small hedges. Extremely winter hardy. HT. 3-4', SP. 3-4'

BUCKEYE

Bottlebrush Buckeye

(*Aesculus parviflora*) — An absolutely stunning, large flowering shrub. Wide-spreading, suckering habit with dark green summer foliage changing to yellow in the fall. Covered with upright, 8-12" long panicles of white flowers early in the summer. Spectacular!!! HT. 8-12', SP. 8-15'

BUCKTHORN

Fine Line Buckthorn

(*Rhamnus frangula* 'Ron Williams') — A neat introduction that combines the fern-like foliage of the Willowleaf Buckthorn with the narrow, upright habit of the Columnar Tall Hedge Buckthorn. Would make a great accent plant in a shrub border or in a perennial planting. HT. 5-7', SP. 2-3'

BURNING BUSH

Cole's Compact

(*Euonymus alatus* 'Cole's Compact') — A compact form that has been around for a long time. Dense growth with foliage that's a little finer than the species. Blazing red fall color. Easy to grow, easy to trim. HT. 4-8', SP. 4-6'

Compact Burning Bush

(*Euonymus alatus* 'Compactus') — Also called Dwarf Winged Euonymus, Dwarf Burning Bush, and sometimes just plain old Burning Bush. A much more compact, slower growing form of the species made popular because of its brilliant red fall color. HT. 4-6', SP. 4-5'

BUTTERFLY-BUSH

Butterfly-bush

(*Buddleia davidii*) — A fast growing, medium-size shrub with stunning lilac-like flowers through the heat of the summer and on into the fall. Flowers come in a variety of colors. Will grow and bloom best if pruned nearly to the ground each winter. Great for attracting butterflies and hummingbirds as well as adding a lot of summer color to the garden. Plant in full sun and well-drained soil.

- **'Black Knight'** — Very dark violet-purple with large panicles. Our most popular variety. HT. 5-8'; SP. 4-6'
- **'Funky Fuchsia'** ('PIIBD-II')—Dark green foliage and rich, reddish-pink flowers. The habit is more rounded and upright than others. Fragrant. HT. 4-6', SP. 4-6'
- **'Groovy Grape'** ('PIIBD-I')—Rich, violet-purple flowers arching 8 to 10 inches long. More rounded and upright than others. Fragrant. HT. 4-6', SP. 4-6'
- **'Miss Molly'** — Sangria-red flowers with a nice compact habit. This introduction from NC State University is an offspring of 'Miss Ruby' and is the most red of any Butterfly Bush to date. HT. 3-5', SP. 3-5'
- **'Miss Ruby'** — Bright reddish-pink flowers on a compact plant. Introduced by the JC Raulston Arboretum in North Carolina. HT. 3-5', SP. 3-5'
- **'Miss Violet'** — Loads of dark purple-violet flowers. Compact full habit. Seedless. HT. 3-5', SP. 3-5'
- **'Pink Delight'** — Fragrant, true pink flowers in panicles 12-15" long. HT. 4-6', SP. 4-6'
- **'Pink Micro Chip'** — A small plant with an abundance of orchid pink flowers. HT. 18-24", SP. 18-24"
- **'Pugster Blue'** ('SMNBDBT') — This plant may be smaller but the flowers aren't! Dwarf, compact growth with full sized flowers. HT. 2-3', SP. 2-3'
- **'Pugster Periwinkle'** ('SMNBDO') — A small plant with big flowers! This heavy bloomer produces large panicles of light purple flowers. Because of their thick, strong stems, it has better hardiness and winter survival than other dwarf varieties. HT. 2-3', SP. 2-3'
- **'Pugster Pinker'** ('SMNBDB') — Full-sized panicles of rich pink flowers on a smaller, more dwarf plant. HT. 2-3', SP. 2-3'
- **'Pugster White'** ('SMNBDW') — Full-sized, pure white flowers on a small compact plant. Blooms all summer. HT. 2-3', SP. 2-3'
- **'Psychedelic Sky'** ('PIIBD-III')—Prolific clear blue to light purple flowers on upright stems. Blooms throughout the summer and into the fall. Fragrant! HT. 4-6', SP. 4-6'
- **'Royal Red'** — Rich purple-red flowers on large panicles. Fragrant. HT. 5-8', SP. 4-6'

BUTTONBUSH

Buttonbush

(*Cephalanthus occidentalis*) — A tough native shrub, particularly suited to moist or wet locations. Unusual, creamy-

white, globe-shaped flowers through the summer months. Attracts butterflies. Glossy summer foliage. HT. 5-6', SP. 5-6'

Sugar Shack Buttonbush

(*Cephalanthus occidentalis* "SMCOSS") — A smaller version of a cool native plant. Flowerheads are white, about 1" in diameter, and look like a pincushion from outer space! Tough plant that tolerates wet soils. HT. 3-4', SP. 3-4'

CHERRY

Nanking Cherry

(*Prunus tomentosa*) — This is a good plant for wildlife plantings. White flowers will develop into bright red, 1/3" cherries. Needs well-drained soil. HT. 6-10', SP. 10-12'

CHOKEBERRY

Autumn Magic Chokeberry

(*Aronia melanocarpa* 'Autumn Magic') — This is a more compact form of the species with attractive clusters of 1/3", purple-black fruits and a showy mixture of red and purple fall color. Showy clusters of white flowers in the spring and dark green foliage in the summer. HT. 3-5', SP. 3-5'

Iroquois Beauty Chokeberry

(*Aronia melanocarpa* 'Morton') — This is a beautiful dwarf form with all of the same wonderful characteristics as the species. White flowers in the spring, dark green glossy foliage through the summer and finishing in the fall with abundant clusters of black fruits and wine-red leaves. Height 2-3', spread 3-4'.

McKenzie Black Chokeberry

(*Aronia melanocarpa* 'McKenzie') — This form was selected by the USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service for use in both conservation and landscape plantings. This form is also popular for edible fruit production. Produces abundant clusters of purplish-black juicy fruits high in anthocyanins and flavanoids. HT. 5-7', SP. 4-6'

CLETHRA

Ruby Spice Clethra

(*Clethra alnifolia* 'Ruby Spice') — One of the best pink-flowering forms. Flowers emerge a rich rose-pink and maintain their color well throughout the blooming season. Does not fade like many other pink forms. HT. 4-6', SP. 3-5'

CORALBERRY

Indiaccurrent Coralberry

(*Symphoricarpos orbiculatus*) — An upright, spreading shrub with slender, arching branches. Attractive coral-red fruits cover the stems in the fall and throughout the winter. A great plant for understory plantings or for naturalizing. A native selection. Very tough! HT. 2-3', SP. 3-4'

COTONEASTER

Cranberry Cotoneaster

(*Cotoneaster apiculata*) — A small shrub with spreading, arching branches covered with small shiny leaves. Pink blossoms line the branches in the spring, followed by red berries in the fall. The fruits look like little cranberries...you figure out the rest. HT. 2-3', SP. 3-5'

CRAPEMYRTLE

Common Crapemyrtle

(*Lagerstroemia indica*) — Southern landscapes are filled with this plant, providing colorful flowers from summer into the fall and often growing to small tree size proportions. Unfortunately crapemyrtles are not winter hardy enough in our area to be expected to perform similarly. However they can certainly still be enjoyed in our gardens. Mulch heavily and plan on using them as a cut back shrub much like we do with Butterfly-bush. Early in the spring remove any winter-killed wood and wait for new growth to emerge. One word of advice, be patient. Crapemyrtles will be very late to show any signs of life in the spring, often not producing new growth until late May. Planting on southern exposures will provide more winter protection. Another suggestion, crapemyrtles make a great addition into container gardens for lots of summer color on porches and patios. (Some plants could get larger with mild winters.)

TALL FORMS (HT. 4-8'+)

- **'Dynamite'** ('Whit II') — Crimson flower buds that open to bright cherry-red flowers.
- **'Double Dynamite'** ('Whit X') — A strong rebloomer with crimson flower buds opening to bright cherry-red flowers. Foliage emerges a deep burgundy, maturing to a burgundy-green.
- **'Pink Velour'** ('Whit III') — Magenta-pink flowers from summer until fall. Spring

growth is burgundy-red.

- **'Rhapsody in Pink'** ('Whit VIII') — Wine-red new growth and soft pink flowers.
- **'Siren Red'** ('Whit VII') — Dark red flowers. Wine-red new growth.

DWARF FORMS (HT. 3-5')

- **'Bellini Grape'** — Glossy green leaves ascent the grape-purple flowers of this compact form. HT. 3-4', SP. 3-4'
- **'Bellini Raspberry'** — Bright, raspberry-colored flowers will brighten your summer landscape. HT. 3-4', SP. 3-4'
- **'Velma's Royal Delight'** — An introduction from Kansas State University with improved winter hardiness. Deep magenta flowers. Will still freeze to the ground in many winters but comes back more reliably than other forms. HT. 3-6', SP. 3-6'

MINIATURE FORMS (SHORTER THAN 3')

- **'Pocomoke'** — A U.S. National Arboretum introduction with deep rose-pink flowers from mid-summer until frost. HT. 1-2', SP. 2-3'

DAPHNE

Carol Mackie Daphne

(*Daphne x burkwoodii* 'Carol Mackie') — A beautiful selection with dramatic green and white variegated foliage and light pink, highly fragrant flowers. Needs moist but well-drained soil and light shade. Can be difficult to establish. HT. 2-3', SP. 3-4'

DEUTZIA

Nikko Slender Deutzia

(*Deutzia gracilis* 'Nikko') — Shorter and more compact than the species. Good white flowers early in the spring. Looks stunning in mass plantings. HT. 1-2', SP. 2-3'

DIERVILLA

Cool Splash Diervilla

(*Diervilla sessilifolia* 'LPDC Podaras') — Outstanding variegated white and green foliage and the same toughness of the species. Does well in shade or sun. A great choice for mass plantings or naturalized plantings. Prune back hard each spring for best appearance. HT. 3-5', SP. 3-5'

Nightglow Diervilla

(*Diervilla x splendens* 'El Madrigal') — Dark burgundy leaves last all summer, becoming even more intense red in fall. Bright yellow flowers at the ends of the

branches are adorned by butterflies and pollinators. Compact habit and spreading habit. Tough! HT. 2-3', SP. 2-3'

DOGWOOD

Gray Dogwood

(*Cornus racemosa*) — This plant is tough and is in fact native over much of the eastern half of the United States. It will grow just about anywhere from full sun to heavy shade and in soils that are wet or dry and everything in between. Creamy-white flowers in the spring and small white fruits in the later summer. Tends to have reddish fall color. Great for naturalizing areas and for wildlife. Has a suckering tendency. HT. 8-15', SP. 8-15'

- **'Muskingum'** ('Muszam') — A tough plant for just about any site. Small size and spreading habit make it a great choice for mass plantings in tough areas. Beautiful brick-red fall color and luminous white clusters of berries add to the display. Very low maintenance plant. HT. 18-24", SP. 3-4'

Red Stem Dogwood

(*Cornus sericea*) — This plant is best known for its stunning winter show of brightly colored stems. A fast grower that loves moist sites. Will produce an abundance of small, creamy-white berries that birds really love. We carry several selections, and all perform well if given a little extra water through dry stretches of summer. When you are thinking about adding winter color into your landscape, keep these plants in mind. HT. 8-10', SP. 8-10'

- **'Arctic Fire'** (*Cornus stolonifera* 'Farrow') — Bright red winter stems and a compact habit. Great for winter interest. Likes moist soil. Cut back aggressively every other year for best stem color. HT. 3-5', SP. 3-5'
- **'Ivory Halo'** (*C. alba* 'Bailhalo') — A compact selection of Redstem Dogwood with dramatic green and white variegated foliage and brilliant, blood-red winter stems. The red stem color intensifies in the fall and winter. This is a great plant for adding color into the garden throughout the year. For added effect, plant against a backdrop of evergreens, a fence, or a wall. HT. 5-6', SP. 5-6'

ELDERBERRY

American Elderberry

(*Sambucus canadensis*) — A neat, tough, native shrub great for wildlife and the

garden. This plant is best known for its prized sweet purple-black fruits. Can be used for jellies, pies, juice and wine; don't forget the birds love them too! Large clusters of white flowers in early summer. Great for naturalizing. If you are growing them for their fruits, prune sparingly. Plant with another variety for best fruit production. For best appearance for landscape use, prune hard each spring.

- **'Adams'** — Selected for its abundant fruit production and grown commercially. HT. 6-10', SP. 8-12'
- **'Bob Gordon'** — A very productive selection! Fruit clusters are large and tend to hang downward, making them more difficult for birds to get to.
- **'Nova'** — Large, sweet fruits and abundant production. Great for jams, pies, wine or just for attracting birds.
- **'York'** — Larger fruits than most other selections. Great for jams, pies, wine or just for attracting birds.

EUONYMUS

Manhattan Euonymus

(*Euonymus kiautschovicus* 'Manhattan') — Medium to large leaf variety of Spreading Euonymus that supposedly was discovered in Manhattan, Kansas. Has very deep green, glossy foliage that is more resistant to winter leaf burn. Can easily be sheared to make hedges. This is very attractive shrub that adds a nice richness to a landscape. HT. 4-6', SP. 5-6'

Wintercreeper Euonymus

(*Euonymus fortunei*) — This is a variable species with selections having just about any foliage color you could imagine. All are broadleaf evergreens, meaning they keep their foliage through the winter. Many will take on a burgundy to purple foliage color in the winter. They will do well in full sun and in considerable shade.

- **'Canadale Gold'** — Large, bright yellow and green variegated leaves. HT. 3-4', SP. 3-4'
- **'Emerald 'n Gold'** — Emerald green foliage with a vibrant gold edge. One of the most popular forms we carry. HT. 1-2', SP. 2-3'
- **'Gaiety'** ('Emerald Gaiety') — Dense plant with emerald-green leaves edged with creamy-white. HT. 1-2', SP. 2-3'
- **'Moonshadow'** — Dense, compact form with wavy, light yellow leaves, edged with thin green margins. HT. 1-2', SP. 2-3'

FALSESPIREA

Ashleaf Falsepirea

(*Sorbaria sorbifolia*) — Outstanding, large white flowers in June. Suckers to form colonies over time. Useful for borders, mass plantings, and bank covers. HT. 6-8'; SP. 5-10'

- **'Sem'** — This is a more dwarf variety with the added plus of having more colorful foliage as well. Leaves emerge reddish-bronze, changing to chartreuse as the season develops. Bears abundant white flowers during the summer. HT. 3-4'; SP. 3-4'

FILBERT (Hazelnut)

American Filbert

(*Corylus americana*) — A large suckering shrub that can be found growing natively in our area. Produces an abundant crop of sweet, edible nuts. Critters love them! Plant two or more for adequate cross pollination. HT. 6-10'; SP. 6-10'

FORSYTHIA

Magical Gold Forsythia

(*Forsythia x intermedia* 'KolGold') — An introduction from Germany with a smaller growth habit and an intense floral display of bright, golden-yellow flowers early in the spring. A real show stopper when in full bloom. Stems can be cut late in the winter and forced inside for an early sign of spring. HT. 4-5'; SP. 4-6'

FOTHERGILLA

Blue Shadow Fothergilla

(*Fothergilla major* 'Blue Shadow') — A blue-leaved sport of 'Mt. Airy' with all of the same wonderful ornamental qualities of its parent plant. White, bottlebrush-like flowers in the spring and rich red, orange and yellow foliage in the fall. Likes moist, well-drained soil and light shade. HT. 4-6'; SP. 3-5'

HOLLY

Although most people don't realize it, Hollies come in a wide variety of shape and sizes. Some Hollies have evergreen foliage while some are deciduous. Some produce red fruits while others bear fruits that are black. Some have the foliage that we all tend to think of at Christmas time while others have small, rounded leaves like a boxwood. And the one that really gets people confused, some are male

and some female. That is important to keep in mind because if fruit production is what you are after, only the female forms have the ability to produce fruits, but only if there is an appropriate male form to serve as a pollinator. With so much diversity, there really is a holly for almost every planting situation.

Inkberry

(*Ilex glabra*) — One of the toughest evergreen Hollies for our part of the country! Dark green, lustrous leaves adorn the plant through the summer and the winter. Will grow in both sun and shade and is very tolerant of most soil conditions, including damp sites. Prune heavily in early spring to maintain a full, dense bush.

- **'Shamrock'** — A slower growing, more compact form. Leaves are dark green throughout the year. Very tolerant of heavy pruning. Supposedly a male selection, but we have frequently seen fruit on them here so evidently it doesn't read the same books we do. HT. 3-4'; SP. 3-4'

Japanese Holly

(*Ilex crenata*) — A small-leaved holly with an appearance very similar to boxwood. Female forms produce small black fruits borne under the foliage. Very tolerant of trimming and shearing. Plant in protected locations for best success. Height and spread vary with selection.

- **'Sky Pencil'** — A tall, narrow selection introduced by the U.S. National Arboretum. Dark green, glossy foliage and a very strict upright habit. Use as a dramatic accent or as a sculptural element for the garden. HT. 6-8'; SP. 2-3'

Meserve Holly Hybrids

(*Ilex x meserve*) — This group of hybrids are made up of forms that were selected for their increased winter hardiness as well as other desirable ornamental characteristics. Foliage has the traditional scalloped edge shape and fruits are a shiny deep red. Plant in shade to partial shade. Size and shape will vary by selection.

- **'Berri-Magic Royalty'** — Use this selection when you only have room for one plant. Each pot contains both a 'Blue Prince' and a 'Blue Princess' Holly, satisfying the plant's pollination needs while still producing fruit. HT. 4-5'; SP. 4-5'
- **'Castle Spire'** ('Heckenfee') — A compact, pyramidal form with beautiful,

lustrous, dark green leaves and bright red berries. Use as a foundation plant or as an accent. Use 'Castle Wall' as a similar looking male pollinator. HT. 5-10'; SP. 3-4'

- **'Castle Wall'** ('Heckenstar') — A broadly columnar to pyramidal selection with wonderful dark green foliage. Use as a foundation plant or an accent. A male selection, useful as a pollinator for 'Castle Spire' if a similar look is desired. HT. 5-10'; SP. 3-4'
- **'Red Beauty'** ('Rutzan') — This is a dramatic hybrid selection that combines Meserve Holly and Perry Holly to create a fantastic landscape plant. A narrow, conical form with dark glossy foliage and bright red fruits. This is a female selection. Use 'Blue Prince' as a male pollinator. HT. 5-8'; SP. 3-4'
- **'Scallywag'** ('Monnieves') — A sport of 'Little Rascal' with a slightly larger, more upright growth habit, but still retaining a good compact character. Foliage is rich dark blue-green in the summer changing to deep purple in the winter. This also is a male selection, so it will not produce any fruit. HT. 3-4'; SP. 3-4'

Winterberry

(*Ilex verticillata*) — These Hollies lose all of their leaves in the winter, but retain large quantities of brightly colored, pea-sized, red to orange fruits that literally cover the stems through the winter. As well as being highly ornamental, the fruits are much sought after by birds as a winter food source. Plants are much hardier than evergreen types of Hollies and can be planted in full sun to light shade. Very tolerant of heavy soils. As with other Hollies, both male and female plants must be present for fruit production. Size varies with selection.

- **'Jim Dandy'** — A male selection also called 'Dwarf Male'. A strong pollinator used with early blooming female forms. Use as a pollinator for 'Berry Heavy', 'Berry Nice' and 'Red Sprite'. HT. 4-6'; SP. 4-5'
- **'Red Sprite'** — Most dwarf of any, with the largest fruit of all. Bright red fruits are 1/2" and stay on the plant for months. Pollinated by 'Jim Dandy'. HT. 3-5'; SP. 3-5'
- **'Wildfire'** ('Bailfire') — A heavy fruiting female selection. Stems will be loaded with bright red berries in the fall and on into the winter. Pollinate with 'Jim Dandy'. HT. 6-8'; SP. 6-8'

HYDRANGEA

Bigleaf Hydrangea

(*Hydrangea macrophylla*) — An old-fashioned favorite, much sought after because of their unique rich blue flowers, Bigleaf Hydrangea can add a new dimension to your garden. Large clusters of flowers adorn the plant in June-July. Bold, lustrous, dark green foliage provides an excellent garden texture throughout the growing season. Flowers come in two forms, large snowball types and delicate lacecaps. Flowers range from pink to blue depending on soil conditions. In more alkaline soils, flowers will be more pink while it takes acidic soils and aluminum to produce the famous blue flowers. You will need to amend your soil with the appropriate product to produce the desired results. Plant in a protected, shaded site and mulch heavily in winter to protect flower buds. HT. 3-5'; SP. 3-4'

- **'BloomStruck'** ('PIIHM-II') — Huge blooms on the ends of stout, red-purple stems and best yet, they bloom on old and new growth! Foliage has better heat tolerance than other selections that tend to wilt severely in mid-day summer heat. HT. 3-5'; SP. 3-5'.
- **NEW! 'Eclipse'** ('Bailmacseven') — Dark purple-black leaves and cranberry to purple blooms. HT. 3-5'; SP. 3-5'
- **'Nantucket Blue'** ('Grenan') — A re-blooming selection with beautiful large blooms, produced on both old and new wood. Flowers can be made to color pink by adding agricultural limestone or blue by adding aluminum sulfate. HT. 3-5'; SP. 3-5'
- **'Pop Star'** ('Bailmaccix') — A prolific rebloomer, naturally compact and small. Lacecap flowers of blue to pink. Works well as a container plant too! HT. 3-4'; SP. 3-4'
- **'Summer Crush'** ('BAILMACFIVE') — Impressive big raspberry-red to neon-purple flowers all on a nice tidy plant. Produces flowers on both old and new wood. Keep moist through dry weather. HT. 18-36", SP. 18-36"
- **'Twist-N-Shout'** ('PIIHM-I') — A cross between 'Penny Mac' and 'Lady in Red' that combines the best of both parents. This reblooming lacecap has pink to periwinkle-blue flowers on both old and new wood. HT. 3-5'; SP. 3-5'

Oakleaf Hydrangea

(*Hydrangea quercifolia*) — Foliage, flowers and fall color all combine on this

shrub to provide a fantastic display in the garden. Large, leathery, dark green, oak-shaped leaves develop spectacular fall colors ranging from wine-red to purple to deep, rich burgundy. Blooms go through a wonderful color transformation from white to purplish-pink to creamy-bronze.

HT. 5-8'; SP. 6-8'

- **'Alice'** — Extremely large (10-14") white blooms age to a deep rosy-pink. Dark green foliage becomes a beautiful burgundy-red in the fall. Very vigorous, hardy selection. HT. 6-10'; SP. 6-10'.
- **'Alice N' Wonderland'** ('GreN1') — A smaller growing, more compact selection originally discovered growing in a block of 'Alice'. Great flowers and great fall color... all packed in a smaller package. HT. 4-5'; SP. 5-6'
- **'Jetstream'** ('PIIHQ-I') — Selected for its dense, compact, non-flopping habit, lustrous dark green foliage and impressive white flowers. HT. 5-6'; SP. 4-6'
- **'Munchkin'** — This dwarf form is a U.S. National Arboretum introduction released in 2010. The offspring of another great dwarf selection, 'Sikes Dwarf', this selection is even more compact and rounded. Great summer blooms and attractive fall color. HT. 3-4'; SP. 3-5'
- **'Ruby Slippers'** — U.S. National Arboretum introduction selected for its compact habit and great flowers. Large white panicles are held upright above the foliage in early summer. The flowers are reported to quickly turn pale pink deepening to rose. The result of controlled crosses between 'Pee Wee' and 'Snow Queen'. HT. 3-4'; SP. 4-5'

Panicle Hydrangea

(*Hydrangea paniculata*) — An excellent shrub for late summer color in the garden, and unfortunately often overlooked as a valuable landscape addition. Produces extremely large panicles of white flowers late in the summer that often progress through a wonderful color change into fall. Unlike most other hydrangeas, this species actually does best in full sun, but will tolerate some light shade and still bloom respectably. For best appearances though, water through dry stretches of weather. Can be heavily pruned to control size in the spring without interrupting flower production. HT. 6-8'; SP. 6-8'

- **'Bobo'** ('ILVOBO') — A dwarf Panicle Hydrangea with the same large white flower clusters that make this shrub so desirable. Blooms can take on a pinkish color as they age. HT. 2 1/2'-3'; SP. 3-4'

- **'Fire Light'** ('SMHPFL') — This heavy blooming selection blooms earlier in the season than most. Large, full flower heads are pure white and produce in abundance. If the weather is cool enough, flowers will age to pink or red. HT. 6-8'; SP. 6-8'
- **'Fire Light Tidbit'** ('SMNHPK') — Small, compact size, perfect for those tighter areas. Big white mophead panicles in mid-summer. Very reliable! Flowers can fade from white to pink in cool weather. HT. 2-3'; SP. 2-3'
- **'Flare'** ('Kolmavesu') — Dwarf, compact form with showy floral panicles. Flowers are bright white and if the weather cooperates, they can age to pink or red-pink. HT. 2-3'; SP. 2-3'
- **'Limelight'** — An interesting introduction with bright lime-green flowers. Actually a lot more attractive than it sounds, this selection could be used to add some interesting color to the late summer landscape. HT. 6-8'; SP. 6-8'
- **'Limelight Prime'** — Great flowers, similar to 'Limelight' with an earlier bloom time and stronger stems to reducing flopping. Flowers are lime-green as the begin maturing and pure white when in full bloom. HT. 4-6'; SP. 4-6'
- **'Little Hottie'** ('Bailpanone') — A compact introduction with full flower heads, and lots of them! Large blooms cover the plant through the summer months. Good heat and cold tolerance. HT. 3-5'; SP. 3-5'
- **'Little Lime'** ('Jane') — A smaller version of the popular 'Limelight' with the same great bright lime-green flowers as its namesake. HT. 3-5'; SP. 3-5'
- **'Little Lime Punch'** ('SMNHPH') — Blooms emerge lime-green eventually changing to pure white. Blooms fade into shades of pink to pink-red if weather is cool enough. HT. 3-5'; SP. 3-5'
- **'Little Quick Fire'** ('SMHPLOF') — A slightly smaller selection of 'Quick Fire' with the same great flowers late in the spring. HT. 3-5'; SP. 3-5'
- **NEW! 'Phantom'** — This one sports some of the biggest flower heads of the species, reaching up to 15" long! White flowers mid-summer may fade to soft pink if the weather is cool enough. HT. 6-8'; SP. 6-8'
- **NEW! 'Puffer Fish'** ('NCHP1') — Large, fully white blooms cover the plant in early to mid-summer. Tight, compact habit. Long blooming. HT. 3-5'; SP. 3-5'
- **'Quick Fire'** ('Bulk') — This much earlier flowering selection is reported to often

bloom more than a month before other varieties. White flowers emerge in the spring and tend to age to a rich deep pink, all before other selections have started to bloom.

- **'Quick Fire Fab'** ('SMNHPM') — An early blooming selection with full white flower clusters. This will be one of the first of the Panicle Hydrangeas to come into bloom each season. HT. 6-8'; SP. 6-8'
- **'Strawberry Sundae'** ('Rensun') — A compact form with good white flowers mid-summer that fade to pink and eventually strawberry red if weather is right. HT. 4-5'; SP. 3-4'
- **NEW! 'Sweet Starlight'** ('Pan1782hydr')—Strong stems keep blooms from flopping. Large white panicles during the summer months. Compact size. HT. 3-4'; SP. 3-4'

Smooth Hydrangea

(*Hydrangea arborescens*) — One of the easiest to grow species. Reliably produces masses of large white flowers every spring. Provide afternoon shade and water through dry weather. Very easy to grow. HT. 3-5'; SP. 4-5'

- **'Annabelle'** — This popular, old variety is the dominant form found in cultivation. Produces large, white, rounded clusters of flowers in June-July that can reach up to a foot across. A heavy bloomer that does great in shady places.
- **'Incrediball'** ('Abetwo') — Introduced as a new and improved 'Annabelle'. It came out of a breeding program where the goal was stronger stems. They got that and larger blooms too! HT. 3-5'; SP. 4-5'
- **'Invincibelle Garnetta'** ('NCHA6') — Ruby-red to silvery-red flowers on top of sturdy stems. Blooms reliably every spring. HT. 2 1/2-3'; SP. 2 1/2-3'
- **'Invincibelle Mini Mauvette'** ('NCHA7') — Pink-mauve flowers bloom reliably every spring on sturdy, upright stems. Prune back hard each spring for the biggest blooms. HT. 30-36"; SP. 30-36"
- **'Invincibelle Wee White'** ('NCHA5') — This is a dwarf 'Annabelle' type hydrangea. Still produces large trusses of pure white flowers late in the spring. HT. 18-30"; SP. 2-3'

HYPERICUM (St. Johnswort)

FloraBerry Sangria Hypericum

(*Hypericum x inodorum* 'KOLSAN')— Bright yellow flowers in the summer



followed by beautiful red berries by fall. Berried stems are great in cut flower arrangements. Cut back to a few inches tall to start each spring and then stand back and enjoy. HT. 3'; SP. 3'

Kalm Hypericum

(*Hypericum kalmianum*) — Bright yellow flowers and green to blue-green foliage. Very tolerant of hot dry exposures. Profuse bloomer in mid-summer. HT. 2-3'; SP. 3-4'

- **'Blue Velvet'** (H. x 'Cfflpc-1') — A hybrid Kalm Hypericum with foliage that is much bluer than the species. Loaded with a spectacular display of bright yellow flowers mid season. Very tolerant of hot, dry, sunny locations. Super tough! HT. 2-3'; SP. 3-4'
- **'Cobalt-n-Gold'** ('PIIHYP-1') — Mounded growth habit and silver-green foliage. Covered with bright yellow flowers in late spring and early summer. Foliage takes on yellow, orange and red in the fall. HT. 2-3'; SP. 3-4'

Sunburst Hypericum

(*Hypericum frondosum* 'Sunburst') — Small rounded shrub with bluish-green leaves. Bright yellow flowers that appear to be a miniature sunburst cover the plant during the summer. Great plant for hot, sunny areas. HT. 2-3'; SP. 3-4'

LILAC

Canada Hybrids

(*Syringa x hyacinthiflora*) — Developed in Canada, these vigorous lilacs are exceptionally hardy. Dark green, disease resistant foliage turns reddish-purple in the fall. Very fragrant flower clusters are produced in abundance early in the spring. HT. 10-12'; SP. 10-12'

- **'Pocahontas'** — A very popular selection with deep maroon-purple buds that open to deep violet, fragrant, single flowers. Exceptionally hardy and vigorous. HT. 10-12'; SP. 10-12'

Common Lilac

(*Syringa vulgaris*) — The old-fashioned purple lilac that everybody knows and loves. Single lilac flowers in large panicles. Very fragrant blooms also work out nicely as a cut flower. An easy to grow shrub that has been a favorite for years. Numerous hybrids have been introduced that give us both single and double flowering forms in just about any color imaginable. Plant them in full sun and well drained soil. HT. 8-12'; SP. 8-10'

- **'Charles Joly'** — An old, but extremely popular French hybrid selection. Beautiful, fragrant, double, magenta flowers. Blooms are more purple while still in bud. Good resistance to powdery mildew. HT. 10-12'; SP. 8-10'
- **'Monge'** — An outstanding, very popular French hybrid selection. Brilliant display of single, reddish-purple flowers. Long stems make this a good cut flower. HT. 10-12'; SP. 8-12'
- **'Purple'** — An old-fashioned favorite! Extremely fragrant, single, lilac-purple flowers are a wonderful addition to the garden. Also great as a cut flower. Extremely tough and durable. HT. 8-12'; SP. 8-12'
- **'Sensation'** — An outstanding selection with individual flowers that are purple with a pure white border. One of the best. HT. 8-10'; SP. 8-12'
- **'White'** (var. *alba*) — Just like the Common Purple Lilac but with pure white flowers. HT. 8-10'; SP. 8-10'

Dwarf Lilac

(*Syringa meyeri*, *S. patula*, *S. microphylla* and *S. julinanae*) — This is actually a collection of three closely related species. All produce attractive, dark green, glossy foliage that has a unique, undulating habit making for an attractive shrub even out of bloom. Spring flowers are spectacular and typically very

fragrant. Height and spread will vary with selection.

- **'Bloomerang Dark Purple'** ('SMSJBP7') — Dark purple, fragrant flowers in the spring, blooming again in the fall with a few occasional flowers in between. Compact grower with good vigor. HT. 4-6', SP. 4-7'
- **'Bloomerang Dwarf Purple'** ('SMSJRPU') — One of the smallest forms we've seen to date! Fragrant purple flowers in the spring and then again in the fall. HT. 2 1/2'-3', SP. 3-4'
- **'Dwarf Korean'** (S. meyeri 'Palibin') — One of the best! an excellent shrub for the landscape due to its smaller size and compact habit. Produces an awesome display of pinkish-lilac to lavender color flowers in the spring. Extremely fragrant! Excellent mildew and borer resistance. Hardy and easy to grow. HT. 4-5', SP. 5-6'
- **'Little Lady'** ('JEFLADY') — Dark pink buds open to lilac-pink flowers with a great fragrance! Small mature size makes it easy to fit into the landscape. HT. 4-5', SP. 4-5'
- **'Miss Kim'** (S. patula 'Miss Kim') — Purple buds that open to fragrant blue-purple flowers slightly later than 'Dwarf Korean'. Compact habit and small size makes it a great landscape plant. Easy to grow. HT. 5-7', SP. 4-6'

Persian Lilac

(*Syringa x persica*) — A heavy blooming, faster growing species that bears an abundance of fragrant, pale lilac flowers about mid-May. Blooms at an early age. HT. 8-10', SP. 8-10'

MAHONIA (Oregon Grapeholly)

Compact Mahonia

(*Mahonia aquifolium* 'Compacta') — Compact dwarf form of the Common Mahonia. Bright yellow flowers in the spring and grape-like clusters of fruits developing through the summer. Leaves turn purplish-red in the fall and remain on the plant through the winter. A great choice for adding year-round color into the landscape. Plant in well-drained soil. A 2005 Pride of Kansas Selection. HT. 2-3', SP. 3-4'

Creeping Mahonia

(*Mahonia repens*) — An interesting groundcover plant, useful for lightly shaded areas with rich, well-drained soils. Evergreen foliage is blue-green in the summer and rich purple in the winter.

Deep yellow flowers give way to blue-black, grape-like fruits. HT. 6-18", SP. 2-5'

MOCKORANGE

Blizzard Mockorange

(*Philadelphus lewisii* 'Blizzard') — Single, white, incredibly fragrant flowers on a dense, upright plant. This selection is prized for its hardiness and was in fact selected from seedling population collected in Canada. Now that is cold hardy! HT. 4-5', SP. 3-4'

NEW! Snow White Fantasy Mockorange

(*Philadelphus* x 'Snow White Fantasy') — A tough mockorange with reblooming habit. Blooms heavy in the spring then repeats in the summer. HT. 5-6', SP. 4-5'

Snowbelle Mockorange

(*Philadelphus* x 'Snowbelle') — Loaded with highly fragrant, double, pure white flowers just like you would want in a



mockorange, but all packaged in a smaller plant making it a lot easier to incorporate into a landscape. A Canadian introduction that is good and tough. HT. 3-4', SP. 3-4'

NANDINA

Nandina is a beautiful plant, however its use in our area needs to be tempered with the knowledge that winter hardiness can be an issue. For best results we recommend planting in protected areas such as southern exposures, mulch heavily, and expect some years to be better than others. Prune deadwood in the spring and allow new growth from the base to fill the plant back in through the growing season. Size will vary by selection.

NINEBARK

Amber Jubilee Ninebark

(*Physocarpus opulifolius* 'Jefam') — A more compact selection. New growth emerges with stunning yellow-orange tinged foliage that fully matures to a nice lime-green. HT. 5-6', SP. 4-5'

Little Devil Ninebark

(*Physocarpus opulifolius* 'Donna May') — A great little plant in a great little package! This more compact, dwarf form still

When Selecting Shrubs...

SIZE: Knowledge of the mature height and spread of trees and shrubs can prevent many landscape problems. The mature height and spread of trees and shrubs will vary somewhat due to soil conditions and other factors. However, knowledge of their approximate mature size can prevent overcrowding, interference with overhead utility wires, obstruction of vehicular and pedestrian traffic, and other problems. Properly selected plant materials also have longer life spans and require less maintenance.

HARDINESS: An important consideration when selecting trees and shrubs is their cold hardiness. Select trees and shrubs that are reliably hardy in your area.

PEST SUSCEPTIBILITY: Another important consideration when selecting trees and shrubs is their susceptibility to insects and diseases.

SOIL CONDITIONS: Soil conditions at the planting site strongly affect trees and shrubs. Most trees and shrubs grow well in soils with a pH of 6.0 to 7.5. Another important soil characteristic is soil porosity. Select appropriate plants for wet and dry sites.

comes with wonderful deep burgundy foliage and contrasting white-pink flowers late in the spring. HT. 3-4', SP. 3-4'

Little Joker Ninebark

(*Physocarpus opulifolius* 'Hoogi021') — Compact form with deeply cut, dark burgundy foliage. Pale pink to white flowers in the spring. HT. 3-4', SP. 3-4'

NEW! Lucky Devil Ninebark

(*Physocarpus opulifolius* 'ZLEMICHAEL') — Compact form with bright yellow leaves. It will maintain its golden color throughout the seasons turning to shades of orange in the fall. Small clusters of pink to white flowers in the spring. HT. 3-4', SP. 3-4'

Petite Plum Ninebark

(*Physocarpus opulifolius* 'POIPD2') — A compact, mounded form with striking burgundy foliage. Showy pink to white flowers in the spring. Tough! HT. 4-5', SP. 4-5'

Tiny Wine Ninebark

(*Physocarpus opulifolius* 'SMPOTW') — A dwarf form with small bronze-maroon foliage. Small clusters of pink to white flowers in the spring. HT. 3-4', SP. 3-4'

PLUM

Darkstar Plum

(*Prunus x cistena* 'UCONNPCO001') — This truly compact, improved sand cherry has a great upright and spreading habit. Re-purple to maroon-colored foliage that does not fade during the summer. Pink, single flowers appear in spring. HT. 4-5', SP. 3-4'

POTENTILLA

Potentilla

(*Potentilla fruticosa*) — A refined, graceful shrub with beautiful, deeply lobed, bright green foliage. Brilliant strawberry-like blooms smother the plant in color throughout the summer. Prune back to 12-18" in early spring for best appearance. HT. 2-3', SP. 2-3'

- **'Goldfinger'** — Rich golden-yellow flowers and excellent heat tolerance.

PRIVET

Cheyenne Privet

(*Ligustrum vulgare* 'Cheyenne') — One of the best shrubs for planting a formal or trimmed hedge. Dark green foliage and a dense growth habit. This easy to grow shrub is very tolerant of heavy shearing.

If left untrimmed, shrub will develop a large rounded habit and will actually have attractive white flowers in the spring and small black fruits by fall. Very hardy! HT. 2-10', SP. 2-10'

Golden Vicary Privet

(*Ligustrum x vicaryi*) — A popular yellow-leaved hybrid introduced from England. Bright yellow foliage provides color all season long. Extremely tolerant of pruning. May freeze back some in extremely cold winters but quickly regrows. HT. 4-8', SP. 4-6'

Straight Talk Privet

(*Ligustrum vulgare* 'Swift') — This upright growing selection works great as a vertical accent or planted in a row for a narrow hedge. Extremely cold hardy and drought tolerant. It's tough! HT. 6-12', SP. 2-4'

PUSSY WILLOW

French Pussy Willow

(*Salix caprea*) — An old-time garden favorite. Popular because of its showy, 1-2" long, fuzzy blooms also known as catkins that emerge early in the spring. Easy to grow. Forced stems in the house are a sure sign spring is right around the corner. HT. 8-12', SP. 6-8'

Weeping Pussy Willow

(*Salix caprea* 'Pendula' ('Kilmarnock')) — A stunning specimen plant! Very graceful cascading foliage hangs to the ground. Looks great around water or anywhere where its unique appearance can be enjoyed. Likes moisture. Height and spread can be controlled through pruning.

QUINCE

Orange Storm Quince

(*Chaenomeles x 'Double Take Orange Storm'*) — Large, double, bright orange, camellia-like flowers early in the spring. Blooms last for a long time and best yet, it's thornless! HT. 4-5', SP. 4-5'

Scarlet Storm Quince

(*Chaenomeles x 'Double Take Scarlet Storm'*) — Large, double, camellia-like flowers early in the spring. Blooms last for a long time and it's thornless! HT. 4-5', SP. 4-5'

RHODODENDRON

Rhododendrons are broadleaf evergreens that need a little extra care.

They should be planted in acid soil that has been well amended with organic matter and sited away from the hot rays of our summer sun such as a north or east exposure. Mulch well and keep moist, but not wet, through dry weather.

P.J.M. Rhododendron

(*Rhododendron* 'P. J. M. Hybrids') — Very hardy plants with small, dark green foliage that turns plum-purple in the fall. Bright flowers in the spring. HT. 3-5', SP. 3-5'

ROSE

If you are looking for a low-maintenance shrub that will provide color all season long then look no further. The shrub roses listed below will just do that. Numerous selections have been made through the years that have drastically improved the winter hardiness and disease resistance of this group as well as increasing flower production and decreasing the amount of care it takes to produce those blooms. Not just for the "rose garden" any more, shrub roses can and should be utilized like any other shrub in the landscape. Plant in full sun and enjoy the flowers.

Drift Rose

(*Rosa x 'Drift' Series*) — These shrub roses are kind of a cross between groundcover roses and miniatures. They have a nice low, spreading habit and are covered with abundant flowers throughout the season. These forms have been selected not only for their beauty, but also for their disease resistance and winter hardiness. Best yet, they are easy to grow!

- **'Apricot'** ('Meimirrote') — Beautiful, double apricot blooms on a small, low-growing plant. HT. 18-24", SP. 2-3'
- **'Coral'** ('Meidrifora') — Coral-orange blooms on a low-growing shrub. Heat and drought tolerant selection that blooms all season long. HT. 18-24", SP. 2-3'
- **'Peach'** ('Meiggili') — A low-growing selection, covered with small, soft peach colored blooms all season long. HT. 18-24", SP. 2-3'



- **'Pink'** ('Meijocos') — Produces mass quantities of deep pink flowers with a soft faded center all season long. HT. 18-24", SP. 2-3'
- **'Popcorn'** ('Novarospop') — The color starts out yellow and then fades to a creamy-white. HT. 18-24", SP. 2-3'
- **'Red'** ('Meigalpio') — This low-growing selection is covered with small, medium red flowers all season long. HT. 18-24", SP. 2-3'

Prairie Rose

(*Rosa setigera*) — A native rose with pink, single, flowers. Blooms in late spring to early summer. Mild fragrance. Red rose hips in the fall. HT. 4-6'+, SP. 4-6'+

Rugosa Rose

(*Rosa Rugosa*) — A tough, hardy shrub rose with attractive, bright green summer foliage, flowers of rose-purple to white, fruits (rose hips) of orange to brick-red and showy bronze to orange to red fall color. Useful for tough sites. HT. 4-5', SP. 4-5'

Easy Elegance Rose

(*Rosa* x 'Easy Elegance') — These roses have been bred for superior hardiness and disease resistance along with phenomenal flowers and repeat blooms. All are grown on their own roots. Size will vary by selection.

- **'Kashmir'** ('BALmir') — Large, velvety red flowers more typical of a hybrid tea rose. Good fragrance and disease resistance. HT. 3-4', SP. 2-3'
- **'Sweet Fragrance'** ('BALnce') — Abundant, sweetly fragrant flowers from spring until frost. Blooms start a mix of coral, orange and yellow, opening to apricot and maturing to salmon-pink. Excellent disease resistance. HT. 3-4', SP. 3-4'
- **'Yellow Brick Road'** ('BALoad') — Welcome to the Land of Oz! This small, rounded, compact plant is covered with lemon-yellow flowers throughout the season. Blooms mature to a butter-cream. Excellent black spot resistance. HT. 2-3', SP. 3-4'

Flower Carpet Rose

(*Rosa* hybrids) — A stunning group of groundcover-type shrub roses that provides delicate rose flowers, glossy, deep green, disease resistant foliage and non-stop blooms all summer. Freedom of care and maintenance make these excellent additions to the landscape.

- **'Amber'** ('NOA97400A') — Flowers are peachy-orange, semi-double and

fragrant, each with a yellow center and tinges of red toward the outside. Blooms fade to a soft seashell-pink.

Exceptional disease resistance and very floriferous habit. HT. 2-2 1/2', SP. 3-4'

- **'Coral'** ('Noala') — Flowers open a wonderful coral, fading to pink as they age. Produces an abundance of flowers from late spring until frost. A lower maintenance selection with improved disease resistance and winter hardiness. HT. 2-2 1/2', SP. 3-4'
- **'Pink Supreme'** ('Noa168098F') — This is a new generation pink Flower Carpet Rose with a more compact habit. Heavy blooming from spring until frost. Fantastic disease resistance and exceptional winter hardiness. HT. 2-3', SP. 3-4'
- **'Red'** ('Noare') — Carmine-red flowers with bright yellow centers. The most popular of the Flower Carpet series and understandably so. Heavy bloomer all season long. Good disease resistance. HT. 3-4', SP. 3-5'
- **'Scarlet'** ('NOA83100B') — This selection in the Flower Carpet Series has double, bright scarlet-red flowers throughout the season. Exhibits excellent disease resistance and increased winter hardiness. HT. 2-3', SP. 3-4'
- **'White'** ('Noaschnee') — The astonishingly large, pure white flowers on this groundcover rose emit a very subtle but sweet perfume. A wonderful addition to the moonlight garden or near a patio to enjoy during the early evening hours. HT. 2-2 1/2', SP. 2-3'

NEW! Grace & Grit Pink Bicolor Rose

(*Rosa* x 'Meiryezza') — An outstanding, disease-resistant, own-root, self-cleaning rose that thrives in heat and humidity as well as dry, hot summers. Pink and white bicolor flowers all season long. HT. 4-5', SP. 3-4'

Knock Out Rose

(*Rosa* x 'Radrazz') — One of the toughest and most disease resistant roses we carry. Produces abundant clusters of bright cherry-red blooms and wonderful rich green foliage. Blooms heavily all summer. Very hardy! HT. 3-5', SP. 3-4'

- **'Coral Knock Out'** ('Radral') — Flowers open brick-orange, fading to coral. Blooms all season! Great disease resistance and winter hardiness. HT. 4-5', SP. 4-5'
- **'Double Knock Out'** ('Radtko') — A double-flowering selection from the popular 'Knock Out' Rose. Still has the

same great bright cherry-red flower color, disease resistance and winter hardiness as 'Knock Out'. Blooms continuously from late spring until frost. Attractive deep burgundy new growth. HT. 3-4', SP. 3-4'

- **'Peachy Knock Out'** ('Radgor') — Shell pink petals and a yellow center combine to create a peach color effect. Blooms all season with very little care. Tough! HT. 3-5', SP. 3-4'
- **'Pink Double Knock Out'** ('Radtkopink') — Like the name says, this is a double pink flowering form and another great introduction through the Knock Out series. It blooms heavily, has tremendous disease resistance and winter hardiness. A great low maintenance plant. HT. 3-4', SP. 3-4'
- **'Sunny Knock Out'** ('Radsunny') — From the same rose breeder that brought us 'Knock Out'. Great disease resistance and wonderful dark green foliage. Flowers open bright yellow, turning creamy-white when fully open. HT. 4-5', SP. 3-4'
- **'White Knock Out'** ('Radwhite') — Abundant, continuous blooms of pure white. Dark green, disease resistant foliage and good winter hardiness. HT. 3-4', SP. 3-4'

NEW! Nitty Gritty Rose

(*Rosa* x 'Nitty Gritty') — This very durable, own-root, fuss-free groundcover rose produces an abundance of lovely blooms while offering excellent disease resistance and a self-cleaning, easy-to-care for habit. The double blooms provide exquisite warm season color, adding great low-maintenance curb appeal to the landscape.

- **'Peach'** ('RUIR10091A') — Sweet fragrant, double, soft peach-colored flowers from late spring to fall. Good disease resistance. HT. 2-3', SP. 3-4'
- **'Yellow'** ('RUIR10109A') — Double, yellow flowers and a low, spreading growth habit. Blooms heavy all season. Disease resistant. HT. 2-3', SP. 3-4'

Climbing Rose

Although these climbing roses are technically not Knock Out Roses, they are from the same rose breeder and the same rose breeding program that gives us the Knock Out Series. They share the same impressive qualities as the others, like great disease resistance, improved winter hardiness and lots and lots of flowers. We think you will enjoy them.

- **'Ramblin'Red'** ('RADramblin') — A

tremendous red climbing rose! Flowers are a rich, true red and borne in abundance all season long. Extremely disease resistant and also has great winter hardiness, rated at being hardy to 30 degrees below zero! If you are looking for a great red climber, this is it! HT. 6-10', SP. 5-10'

SERVICEBERRY

Saskatoon Serviceberry

(*Amelanchier alnifolia*) — This is a smaller-growing, shrubbier species of Serviceberry that has given rise to most of the selections grown commercially for their fruit. Attractive white flowers in the spring followed by juicy, sweet, bluish-purple fruits. Fabulous yellow, orange and red fall color. A very hardy native to the Great Plains. HT. 10-15', SP. 10-15'

- **'Regent'** — A compact form of Saskatoon Serviceberry with exceptional foliage and abundant, large, extra sweet berries. Native forms of this plant were heavily used by the Prairie Indians for food. Great eating! HT. 4-6', SP. 4-8'

SMOKETREE

Smoketree

(*Cotinus* sp.) — Smoketrees are often grown as small multi-stemmed trees, but did you know that they can also be grown as big shrubs? They actually work great in that application as well, so we include a reminder of that here. We offer a nice variety of selections, many in both shrub and tree forms. You will find information about them in our Tree Section.

SPICEBUSH

Spicebush

(*Lindera benzoin*) — An interesting native shrub that prefers moist, lightly shaded locations. Small, yellow, early spring flowers followed by bright scarlet fruits about a half an inch long (on female plants only). A strong spice odor is detectable from all parts of the plant. This is an important host plant to butterflies in the Swallowtail family. HT. 6-10', SP. 6-10'

SPIREA

Dwarf Spirea

(*Spiraea* species and hybrids) — A large group of Spireas with many varying characteristics, but a few basic similarities, compact size and the ability



Tina, Assistant Manager
Plant People since 2006

to rebloom throughout the season. Very tough and easy to grow, Dwarf Spirea provides a season full of brilliant color. Spring starts with an explosion of brightly colored foliage; bronzes, greens, russets and golds. Summertime brings an abundance of flowers, from crimson-red to rosy-pink to pure white, repeatedly produced in flushes until frost. Brightly colored foliage continues to adorn the plant and then in the fall, leaves take on a wonderful burgundy to finish off a spectacular season of color. If you wish to enhance flower and foliage production, prune back to 12-18" each spring, and prune lightly each time blooms finish. This may just be the perfect plant!

- **'Anthony Waterer'** (*S. x bumalda* 'Anthony Waterer') — Sometimes called Red Spirea, this selection has bright rosy-red flowers and green foliage tipped with tinges of red. HT. 2-3', SP. 3-4'
- **'Candy Corn'** (*S. japonica* 'NCSX1') — New growth emerges bright red, turning pineapple yellow and eventually bright orange. Dark pinkish-purple flowers in the late spring/early summer. Compact growth. HT. 18-24", SP. 18-30"
- **'Doozie'** (*S. japonica* 'NCSX2') — Early spring, new growth emerges a dramatic red color then turns green. Red-purple flower clusters appear in late spring reblooming until fall. A more upright habit than most spirea. HT. 24-36", SP. 24-36"
- **'Goldmound'** (*S. x* 'Goldmound') — A brightly colored hybrid, with golden-yellow leaves. Pale pink flowers. HT. 18-24", SP. 2-3'
- **'Little Princess'** (*S. japonica* 'Little

Princess') — Bright green foliage and light pink flowers. Extremely popular! HT. 24-30", SP. 2-3'

- **'Magic Carpet'** (*S. japonica* 'Magic Carpet') — Much like a miniature 'Goldflame', this selection has multi-colored foliage with combinations of bronze and russet-red giving way to light green. Flowers are bright pink and abundant. HT. 18-24", SP. 2-3'

Snowmound Spirea

(*Spiraea nipponica* 'Snowmound') — An excellent dwarf shrub with dense, dark green foliage and masses of pure white flowers. Flowers similar to 'Vanhoutte' but provides the owner with a plant that is smaller in stature. HT. 3-5', SP. 3-5'

Thunberg Spirea

(*Spiraea thunbergii*) — A tough selection with wispy, fine-textured, "willow-like" foliage and a graceful growth habit. Blooms early in the spring with small, 1/3" diameter flowers before leaves emerge. Yellow to orange fall color.

- **'Mellow Yellow'** ('Ogon') — Wispy, fine textured foliage is bright yellow instead of green. Great for color contrast in the garden. Snow-white flowers in the spring. HT. 3-5', SP. 3-5'

Tor Spirea

(*Spiraea betulifolia* 'Tor') — A very dense, rounded shrub with a multitude of white flower clusters in the spring. Iridescent, light green summer foliage turns a vivid purple in the fall. This selection has some of the most sensational fall color you will come across and is truly worth planting for that feature alone. HT. 2-3', SP. 3-4'

- **‘Glow Girl’** (‘Tor Gold’) — This is a gold-leaf version of Tor. It has great spring flowers, awesome summer foliage, great reddish-orange fall color and a very useful, compact habit. It’s just a great plant! HT. 2-3’, SP. 2-3’

Vanhoutte Spirea

(*Spiraea x vanhouttei* ‘Renaissance’) — One of the toughest shrubs around! Well known for its outstanding display of white flowers in the spring that cover its gracefully arching branches. Easy to grow and very tolerant of a wide range of growing conditions. Often mistakenly called Bridalwreath Spirea. Orange-red fall color. HT. 6-8’, SP. 8-10’

SUMAC

Fragrant Sumac

(*Rhus aromatica*) — This is a very tough, native shrub with outstanding ornamental characteristics. Summer foliage is a lustrous dark green. Leaves in fall will range from orange to red to reddish-purple. Yellowish flowers appear early in spring and female plants will produce small fuzzy red fruits in fall. Tolerates dry soils and grows in full sun to part shade. HT. 4-6’, SP. 5-8’

- **‘Gro-low’** — This is a popular low-growing form, great for use as a groundcover for tough areas from dry shade and tree competition to hot, exposed, open sites. It is a female form with good flowers and fruit. Fall color is orange-red to red. Very tolerant of trimming. HT. 2-3’, SP. 6-8’

Staghorn Sumac

(*Rhus typhina*) — An interesting plant. Large compound leaves are made up of numerous, small leaflets, creating a soft texture. Unusual clusters of crimson fruits appear at the tops of branches late in the summer and carry their effect into the winter. Wonderful fall color with leaves taking on reds, oranges, and yellows. Open, coarse branch structure through the winter, reminiscent of the antlers of a male deer, giving rise to the name “Staghorn”. Very tough plant that requires little care once established. HT. 8-12’, SP. 10-15’

- **‘Tigereye’** (‘Baitiger’) — A bright yellow variation of the ever popular Cutleaf Staghorn Sumac. Stunning golden-yellow foliage through the summer changing to brilliant orange to scarlet-red in the fall. A beautiful plant for mass plantings or for specimen use. Very

tolerant of dry, site conditions. Use this plant in combination with drought tolerant perennials for a dramatic effect. HT. 6-8’, SP. 12-15’

SWEETSPIRE

Henry’s Garnet Virginia Sweetspire

(*Itea virginica* ‘Henry’s Garnet’) — Beautiful, fragrant white flowers up to 6” long in June-July and bright green, lustrous foliage that turns to shades of crimson, scarlet and purple in the fall. The foliage tends to hang on into mid-winter adding to appearance of the winter landscape. Rounded, arching shrub. A 2001 Pride of Kansas selection. HT. 3-5’, SP. 4-6’

Little Henry Virginia Sweetspire

(*Itea virginica* ‘Sprich’) — A more compact Sweetspire with excellent purple-red fall color. Sweetly scented, pure white flowers in early spring. HT. 2-3’, SP. 3-4’

VIBURNUM

Well-known horticulturist Michael Dirr once wrote, “A garden without Viburnums is akin to life without music and art,” and nothing could be more true. Viburnums are very hardy and well adapted to Kansas conditions. Depending on the selection, they grow in full sun to considerable shade and offer a tremendous variation of floral, fruit, foliage and growth characteristics. There really is a Viburnum for almost every situation.

Arrowwood Viburnum

(*Viburnum dentatum*) — Lustrous, deep green foliage forms a dense, rounded shrub. Creamy white flowers in the spring, glossy red to reddish-purple fall color and blue to blue-black fruits that are good for wildlife make this an excellent selection. This viburnum adapts well to difficult sites.

- **‘All That Glitters’** (‘SMVDLS’) — Early spring white flowers are followed by shiny blue fruits. Should be planted nearby ‘All That Glows’ for proper pollination. Dark green, glossy foliage. HT. 4-5’, SP. 4-5’
- **‘All That Glows’** (‘SMVDBL’) — Early spring white flowers are followed by shiny blue fruits. Should be planted nearby ‘All That Glitters’ for proper pollination. Dark green, glossy foliage. HT. 4-6’, SP. 4-6’
- **‘Red Feather’** (‘J.N. Select’) — Selected for both its impressive two-toned,

maroon and rich green spring foliage as well as its reddish-purple fall color. Creamy-white flowers followed by blue clusters of small berry-like fruits. HT. 8-10’, SP. 10-12’

Blackhaw Viburnum

(*Viburnum prunifolium* and related species)

— An extremely hardy Viburnum, useful as a very large shrub or an attractive small tree. Creamy-white flowers in the spring produce highly edible, pinkish, rose to black fruits late in the summer through the fall. Excellent burgundy fall colors. Good for eating and great for birds. Used for preserves since colonial times. HT. 10-15’, SP. 10-15’

- **‘Rusty Blackhaw’** (*V. rufidulum*) — A handsome species with lustrous dark green foliage. Clusters of creamy-white flowers in the spring followed by clusters of dark blue fruits. Leaves turn a rich burgundy in the fall. Makes an attractive large shrub or small ornamental tree. Tremendously tough! HT. 10-15’, SP. 10-15’

Cranberrybush Viburnum

(*Viburnum* species) — The species included here all share similar floral, fruit and foliage characteristics. Leaves are 3-lobed like a maple. Flowers are white and borne in lacecap-type structures consisting of center cluster of small, fertile flowers surrounded by large, showy, sterile flowers. Fruits are bright red, small in size (1/4-1/3”), produced in large clusters and obviously reminiscent of a cranberry, hence the name, and birds love them.

- **‘Snowball’** (*V. opulus* ‘Roseum’) — An old-time garden favorite! Produces a multitude of large, 2 1/2-3”, snowball-like clusters of flowers in the spring. It is easy to see why its called Snowball Bush! This is actually a sterile selection, so there is no fruit production. HT. 8-10’, SP. 8-10’

Doublefile Viburnum

(*Viburnum plicatum* var. *tomentosum*) — This species can be separated into two forms, the Doublefile Viburnums (var. *tomentosum*) with their lacecap-type flowers and the Japanese Snowball Viburnums (straight species) with their snowball-type flowers. Flowers on both are white and produced in May, but only the Doublefiles will then produce fruit, red to black, in July to August. Fruits are excellent for attracting birds! Horizontal growth habit on many forms makes this

plant look similar to Flowering Dogwood. Fall color is usually impressive and is usually reddish-purple. Plants benefit from a little extra water through dry stretches of summer weather.

- **'Summer Snowflake'** — Clusters of white flowers appear in the late spring and continue until frost. Wonderful for its long blooming period. We typically don't see this form producing fruit. HT. 4-6', SP. 4-6'

Fragrant Snowball-Type Viburnum

(Viburnum species and hybrids.) — This is a collection of several related species and their numerous hybrids. While having slightly different characteristics, they all do share some similarities. In the spring all produce a snowball type flower, ranging from 2" in diameter to 5 and 6" in diameter depending on the selection. Most have a fantastically, sweet, spicy fragrance, making them an absolute must in the garden. All are attractive, full shrubs, perfect for use in the landscape in a variety of ways. Height and spread will vary with selection.

- **'Conoy'** (V. x burkwoodii 'Conoy') — A wonderful, small Viburnum released from a U.S. National Arboretum breeding program. This dense plant has lustrous, dark green, semi evergreen foliage and abundant, snowball like white flowers with little or no fragrance. Has the potential for heavy fruit production as well. HT. 4-5', SP. 5-8'
- **'Juddi'** (V. x juddii) — A Korean Spice hybrid that has amazingly fragrant, white flowers. Dark green summer foliage and reddish-wine fall color. HT. 6-8', SP. 5-6'
- **'Korean Spice'** (V. carlesii) — An old time garden staple. Light pink buds that open to pure white. Outstanding fragrance! HT. 5-6', SP. 4-5'
- **'Mohawk'** (V. x burkwoodii 'Mohawk') — One of the best! Early spring blooms start as bright red buds, changing to pink and finally opening to intensely fragrant, pure white flowers. Summer foliage is lustrous dark green changing to vibrant orange-reds to reddish-purples in the fall. A definite must for the garden! HT. 6-8', SP. 5-6'
- **'Spice Baby'** (V. carlesii 'SMVCB') — A more compact form of Korean Spice Viburnum. White spring flowers are highly fragrant, filling the garden with their spicy scent. HT. 4-5', SP. 4-5'
- **'Spice Girl'** (V. carlesii 'Spiro') — Light pink buds open to highly fragrant, pure

white flowers borne in 2-3" snowball-like clusters. A wonderful addition to any garden. HT. 6-8', SP. 5-6'

- **'Sugar n' Spice'** (V. carlesii 'J.N. Select S') — The flower clusters are slightly smaller on this form but they are more plentiful...a pretty good trade! Sweet-spicy fragrance typical of the species. A great garden addition! HT. 6-8', SP. 6-8'

Leatherleaf Viburnum

(Viburnum species and hybrids) — This group of closely related species and hybrids provide us with some very valuable landscape plants. Selections are typically extremely tough and durable as well as being highly ornamental. Several have semi-evergreen tendencies that can be used to provide additional winter interest. While all produce attractive flowers in the spring, not all produce truly impressive fruit displays, but those that



Fragrant Snowball-Type Viburnum

do are dramatic.

- **'Leatherleaf'** (V. rhytidophyllum) — This is a semi-evergreen species with large, heavily textured, leathery leaves. Creamy-white flowers in the spring. Useful for borders, privacy screens and windbreak plantings. Tolerates quite a bit of shade, but does equally well in full sun. A good, tough species for Kansas landscapes that has been combined with other forms to produce some amazing hybrids selections. Those are listed below along with some other closely related species. HT. 10-12', SP. 10-12'

- **'Pragense'** (V. x pragense)—A fast-growing form with extremely glossy, dark green foliage that will remain evergreen through most of the winter. Blooms heavily in the spring with large clusters of creamy-white flowers. This is a beautiful selection. HT. 6-10', SP. 6-8'

Witherod Viburnum

- **'Brandywine'** (V. nudum 'Bulk') — Fabulous fruits! An impressive display of green, ivory, pink and blue berries decorating the plant towards the end of summer. Bright green foliage turns dark maroon-red in the fall. Plant with another variety for better fruit production. HT. 5-6', SP. 5-6'
- **'Lil' Ditty'** (V. cassinoides 'SMNVCDD')—A dwarf selection with the same great flowers, fruits and foliage of the species. Tolerates heavy soils. Needs to be planted with other forms of Witherod Viburnum if good fruit set is desired so cross-pollination can occur. HT. 2-3', SP. 2-3'

WEIGELA

Old Fashioned Weigela

(Weigela florida) — A tough, reliable shrub that puts on a display of brilliant funnel-shaped flowers in late spring with a second flush appearing in late summer. Arching branches form a dense, compact shrub.

- **'Crimson Kisses'** ('Slingco 1') — Dwarf, compact habit with bright, lipstick red flowers in the spring and then reblooming sporadically into the summer. HT. 2-3', SP. 2-3'
- **'Dark Horse'** — A great compact form with rich deep burgundy foliage and contrasting dark pink flowers. Stays very small making it useful for those places where space is limited. Great foliage color! HT. 18-24", SP. 2-3'
- **'Magical Fantasy'** ('Kolsunn') — Dramatic variegated foliage and prolific flowers. Leaves are dark green with a white margin and flowers are bright pink. All season color and interest. HT. 3-4', SP. 4-5'
- **NEW! 'My Monet Purple Effect'** ('Verwig8')—This dwarf selection has green and white variegated foliage that takes on purple tones. Pink flowers in the spring. A great compact plant for the front of borders. Light shade would be recommended through the summer months. HT. 18-30", SP. 18-30"
- **'Sonic Bloom Red'** ('Verwig 6') — Bright,



Old Fashioned Weigela
- **Crimson Kisses**

lipstick red flowers in the spring and then repeating periodically through the rest of the growing season. HT. 5-6'; SP. 5-6'

- **'Spilled Wine'** ('Bokraspiwi') — Slightly smaller than 'Wine & Roses' but with the same great burgundy foliage color. Spring blooms are bright pink. HT. 3-4'; SP. 3-4'
- **'Variegated Dwarf'** ('Variegata Nana') — New growth has bright green leaves with creamy-white margins. A compact habit and light, rosy-pink blossoms make this an outstanding plant. HT. 3-4'; SP. 4-5'
- **'Wine & Roses'** ('Alexandra') — Dark burgundy-purple leaves and hot rose-pink flowers create a dramatic effect. HT. 4-5'; SP. 4-5'

WILLOW

Flamingo Dappled Willow

(Salix integra 'Flamingo') — Vibrant spring growth is a stunning combination of pink, green and white foliage. Color will fade to green over the season. This shrub or tree-like form does best in light shade. The tree-like form is the result of grafting on top of a short trunk. Prune both forms in the spring for best appearance. Shrub: HT. 3-6'; SP. 3-6' Tree form: HT. 3-6'; SP. 3-6' (from top graft)

YUCCA

Adam's Needle Yucca

(Yucca filamentosa) — Stiff sword-shaped leaves having an attractive bluish coat. Produces showy white panicles of flowers that blast out of the landscape. Give it lots of sun, lots of hot weather and well-drained soil. This is about as tough and durable as they come. Bottom line, if you can't grow this one, it's time to turn in the shovel! HT. 2-3'; SP. 3-4'

- **'Bright Edge'** — A neat selection of a very tough plant. Long, sword-like leaves are green with bright golden-yellow margins. Has an impressive display of flowers on tall stalks early in the summer. HT. 2-3'; SP. 3-4'
- **'Golden Sword'** — Bright variegated foliage, perfect for specimen use. Leaves are bright green with brilliant golden-yellow centers. Tall flower stalks produce beautiful white flowers in the spring. HT. 2-3'; SP. 3-4'
- **'Sapphire Skies'** — Beautiful powder-blue leaves that are a little bit more

flexible than other yuccas. This is a trunked yucca so it will slowly build up in height over the years, eventually making a small tree. HT. 4-5'; SP. 2-3'

- **NEW! 'Silver Anniversary'** — A vigorous grower with attractive evergreen blue-green leaves and tall flower spikes in the summer up to 6' tall! HT. 2-3'; SP. 3-4'



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